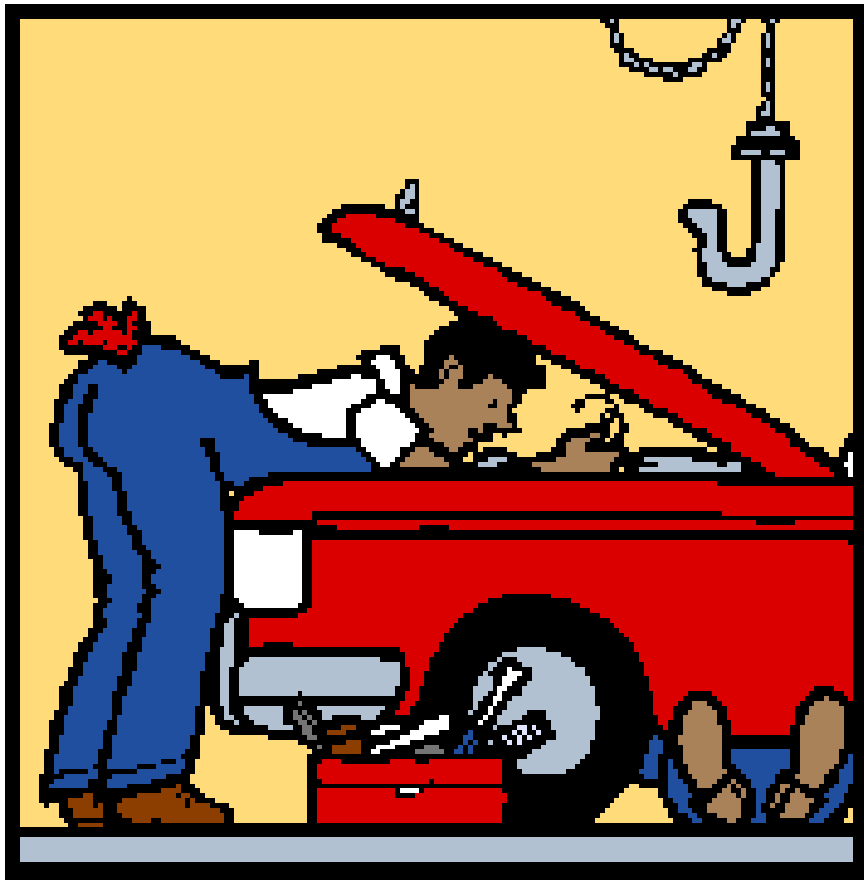




# Near Zero Downtime Database Migration

Caiping Yue

Principal Technical Consultant



Stonebridge is an IT consulting and systems integration services company. We solve business problems caused by data management and data integration issues that negatively affect performance management, corporate governance, workflow effectiveness, and business continuity.

## Corporate Background:

- ❖ Founded in 1995
- ❖ Privately Held / Employee Owned
- ❖ Primarily Serving the TOLA Region

## Core Competencies:

- ❖ Business Intelligence
- ❖ Enterprise Content Management
- ❖ Custom Development
- ❖ IT / Database Services



# Database Migration Defined

- Physically move Database from one location to another location
- Location can be different datacenter, or server (rehost)
- OS can be different (re-platform)
- Does not necessarily involve Oracle version change (Upgrade)
- Does not necessarily involve change of database software (i.e., from MS SQL to Oracle)

- Replacement of old or out of lease equipment
- Databases continue to expand exponentially
- Companies switching x64 architecture
- Initiatives that seek to reduce complexity and costs by moving to commoditized platform
- ...

**SOURCE:** The hidden cost of data migration (<http://www.computingsa.co.za/PDFs/AREX3.pdf>)

# The Client: Calpine



## Investor Relations



Webcast (Replay)  
**Q2 2009 Calpine Corporation Earnings Conference Call**  
Friday, July 31, 2009 at 10:00 a.m. ET / 9:00 a.m. CT



2Q09 Earnings Presentation, July 31, 2009

Stock Quote  
CPN \$11.11  
Minimum 20 minute delay



## Power Plants

Calpine operates 76 power plants in North America.

➔ [More](#)

## News

- August 19, 2009** Calpine Names Todd Thornton Vice President - Finance & Treasurer
- July 31, 2009** Calpine Corp. Reports Solid 2009 Second Quarter Results.



# Calpine's Challenge

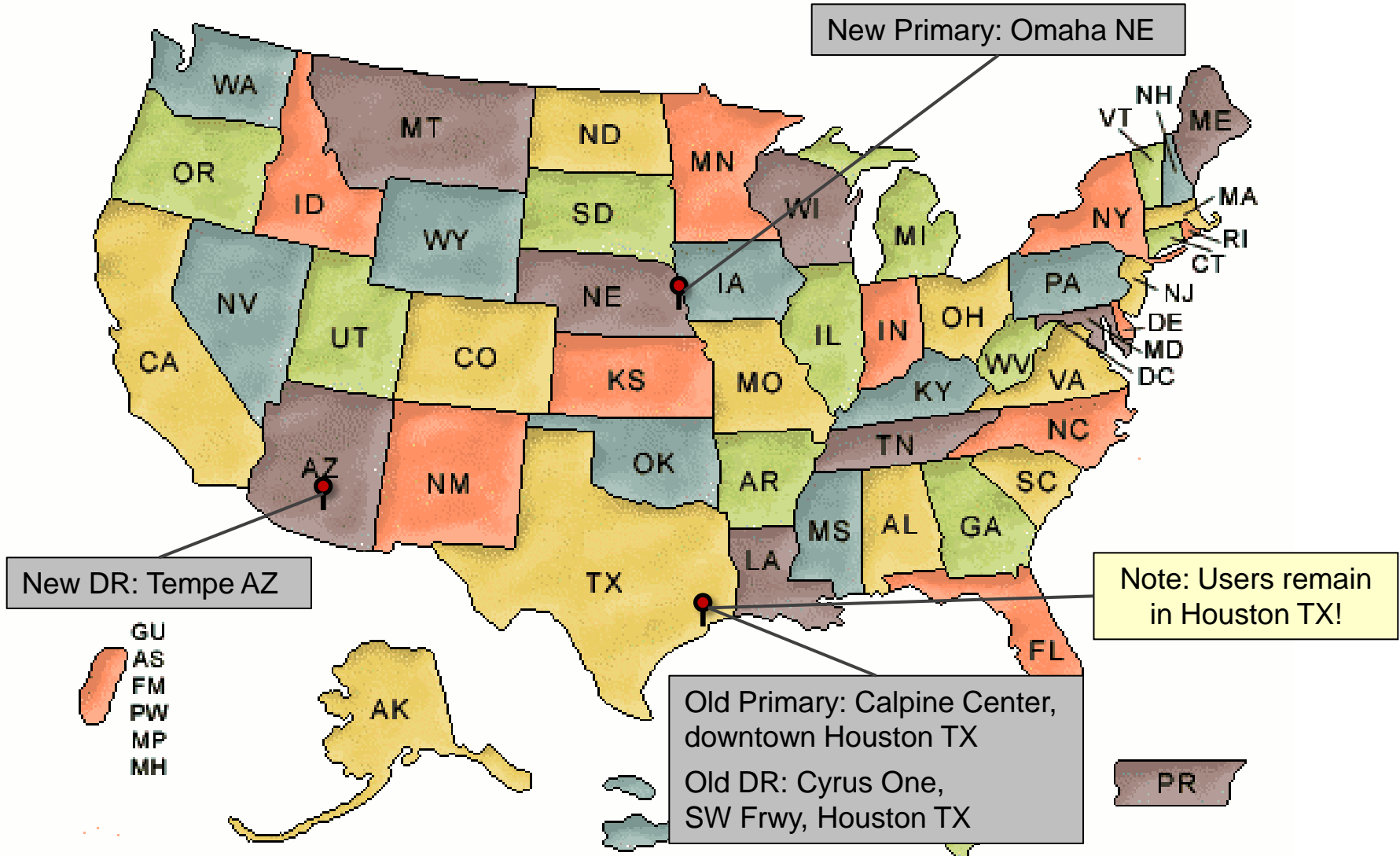
- **Technology Refresh** - replace old Solaris hardware with IBM p570 hardware running AIX OS's
- **Datacenter Consolidation** - outsource its datacenter operations to external provider
- **Server Consolidation** - reduce the number of database servers

**The Upshot:** All Oracle databases must be converted from previous configuration to the target configuration

# Configuration Changes

	<b>Previous Config</b>	<b>Target Config</b>
<b>OS</b>	Solaris 9	AIX 6.1
<b>hardware</b>	Sun Sparc	IBM p570 (p6)
<b>Storage</b>	EMC Clariion	EMC DMX4 Symmetrix
<b>Database</b>	Oracle 10.2.0.3 EE	Oracle 10.2.0.3 EE
<b>HA</b>	Two node RAC or standalone	standalone
<b>DR</b>	Data Guard (physical)	Data Guard (physical)
<b>Datacenter (PR/DR)</b>	Houston/Cyrus One	Omaha/Tempe

# Data Center Moves



# “In-Scope” Mission Critical Databases

Oracle DB	Application Group	Size (GB)	Desired Downtime
DB1	Real Time Trading	23	< 15 minutes
DB2	Real Time Trading	80	< 15 minutes
DB3	Real Time Trading	129	< 15 minutes
DB4	Real Time Trading	157	< 15 minutes
DB5	Real Time Trading	185	< 15 minutes
DB6	Real Time Trading	425	< 15 minutes
DB7	Energy Trading Risk Management	8	< 15 minutes
DB8	Energy Trading Risk Management	27	< 15 minutes
DB9	Energy Trading Risk Management	28	< 15 minutes
DB10	Energy Trading Risk Management	207	< 15 minutes
DB11	Energy Trading Risk Management	313	< 15 minutes
DB12	Energy Trading Risk Management	381	< 15 minutes

**NOTE:** Per Calpine, DBs in yellow must be moved as a group at the same time

# Recap: Calpine's Challenges

- **Change of OS platform**
- **Move ~ 2 TB of **production** data across WAN (~ 900 Miles between datacenters)**
  - Note: development and stage databases are not included in this value!
- **WAN latency:**
  - Bandwidth between datacenters ~ 155 mbits/second
  - Single stream ftp transfer rate < 5 GB/hour
- **Performance:**
  - User perception
  - Application architecture
  - Datacenter infrastructure

# The Client: Calpine

- Calpine did \$8.3 Billion of business in 2008
- ~ \$0.94 Million per hour

# Calpine Business Requirements

- **Minimal downtime (less than 15 minutes)**
- **Full DR (Data Guard) protection outside of the downtime window**
- **Ability to move a group of 5 databases within the same downtime window**
- **Extensive testing of all mission critical databases at different level (unit, system, integration)**
- **Extensive testing of datacenter infrastructure, Oracle database LPAR performance, Data Guard/DR operation before “Go Live”**

Can it be done?

How would you do it?

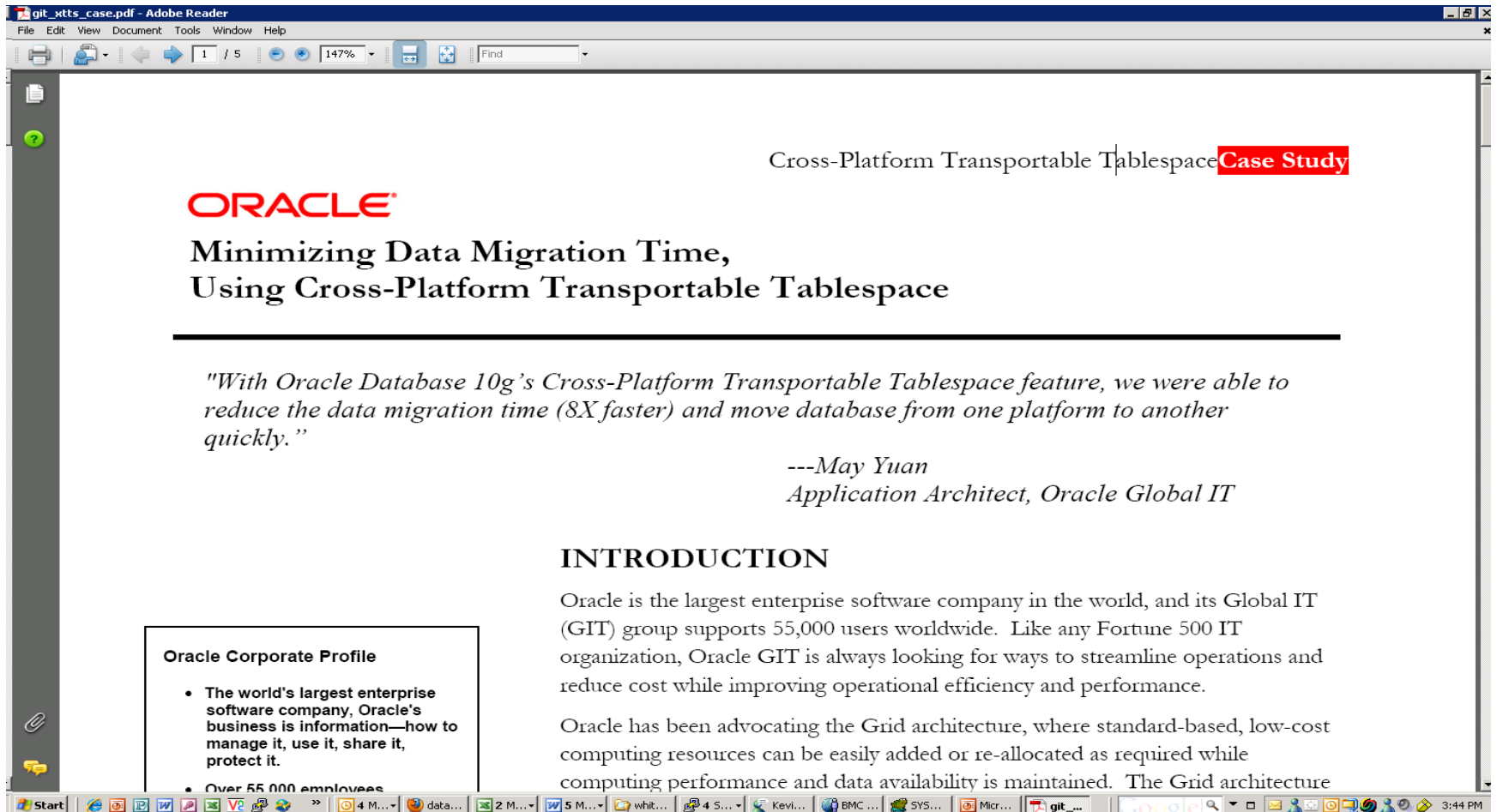
# Common Options

- Export/Import with Data Pump
- Cross-Platform Transportable Tablespace (XTTS)
- Cross-Platform Transportable Database (TDB)
- Application specific methodology to capture changes and replay

# Option #1: Export/Import

- Fairly standard process
- Downtime could be days
- Impossible to move several databases at the same time
- Repetitive setup in order to accommodate application testing

- Cross platform transportable tablespaces (XTTS): tablespaces can be transferred and converted to target platform if they are self contained (**10g R1 new feature**)
- XTTS uses RMAN Convert functionality to perform conversion



git\_xtts\_case.pdf - Adobe Reader  
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Cross-Platform Transportable Tablespace **Case Study**

**ORACLE**

## Minimizing Data Migration Time, Using Cross-Platform Transportable Tablespace

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*"With Oracle Database 10g's Cross-Platform Transportable Tablespace feature, we were able to reduce the data migration time (8X faster) and move database from one platform to another quickly."*

*---May Yuan  
Application Architect, Oracle Global IT*

### INTRODUCTION

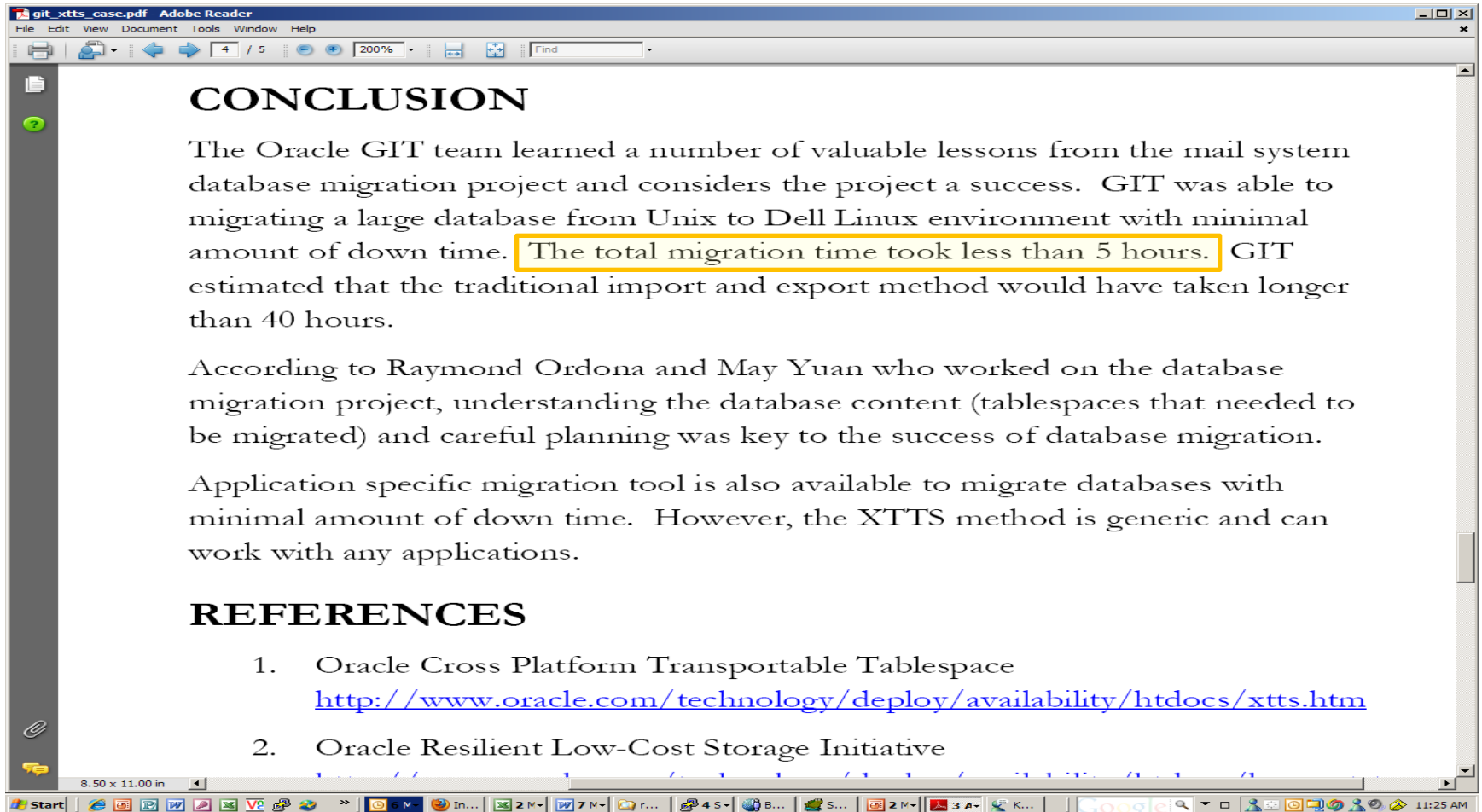
Oracle is the largest enterprise software company in the world, and its Global IT (GIT) group supports 55,000 users worldwide. Like any Fortune 500 IT organization, Oracle GIT is always looking for ways to streamline operations and reduce cost while improving operational efficiency and performance.

Oracle has been advocating the Grid architecture, where standard-based, low-cost computing resources can be easily added or re-allocated as required while computing performance and data availability is maintained. The Grid architecture

**Oracle Corporate Profile**

- The world's largest enterprise software company, Oracle's business is information—how to manage it, use it, share it, protect it.
- Over 55 000 employees

Start | 4 M... | data... | 2 M... | 5 M... | whit... | 4 5... | Kevi... | BMC... | SYS... | Micr... | git... | 3:44 PM



**CONCLUSION**

The Oracle GIT team learned a number of valuable lessons from the mail system database migration project and considers the project a success. GIT was able to migrating a large database from Unix to Dell Linux environment with minimal amount of down time. **The total migration time took less than 5 hours.** GIT estimated that the traditional import and export method would have taken longer than 40 hours.

According to Raymond Ordon and May Yuan who worked on the database migration project, understanding the database content (tablespaces that needed to be migrated) and careful planning was key to the success of database migration.

Application specific migration tool is also available to migrate databases with minimal amount of down time. However, the XTTS method is generic and can work with any applications.

**REFERENCES**

1. Oracle Cross Platform Transportable Tablespace  
<http://www.oracle.com/technology/deploy/availability/htdocs/xtts.htm>
2. Oracle Resilient Low-Cost Storage Initiative

## Option #3: TDB

- Transportable database (TDB): whole database can be transferred and converted to target platform if target platform has the same Endian format as the source database (**10g R2 new feature**)
- Similarly TDB also uses RMAN Convert functionality to perform conversion

# Option #3: TDB Case Study in Calpine

Major Steps Contributing to Downtime	Rate	Unit
FTP from Solaris to AIX in same data center (FTP TIME)	120	GB/hr
Converting datafiles (CONVERT TIME)	140	GB/hr
Recompiling (RECOMPILE TIME)	1	hr/db
All other steps (MISC TIME)	2	hr/db
Downtime Estimates Formula	FTP TIME + CONVERT TIME + RECOMPILE TIME + MISC TIME	
Estimated Down Time	4 – 8 hr	
Actual Downtime for 2 Databases (5 and 50 GB)	4 – 6 hr	

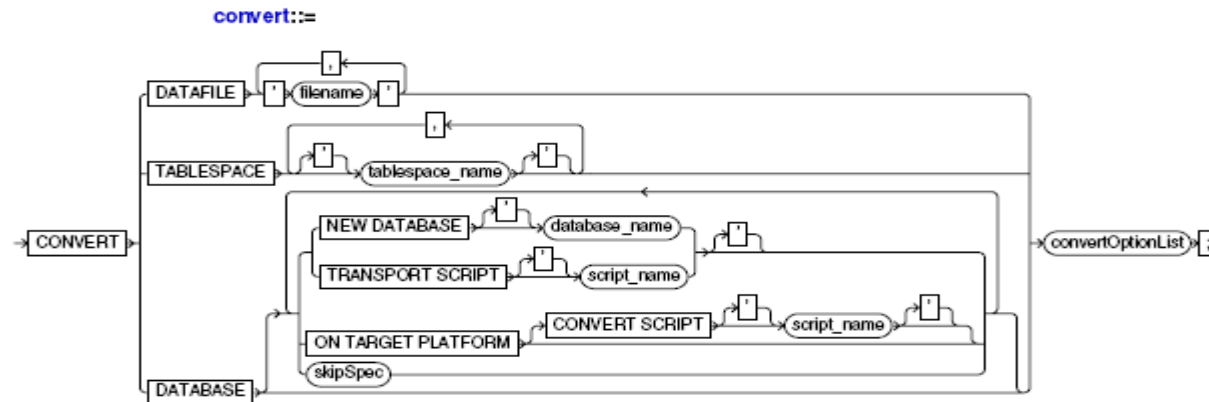
- Certain application may have the ability to capture database changes and replay in the destination database
- Application specific
- Great thinking but very rarely application offers this ability

Calpine's business requirements  
**CANNOT**  
be met with typical Options

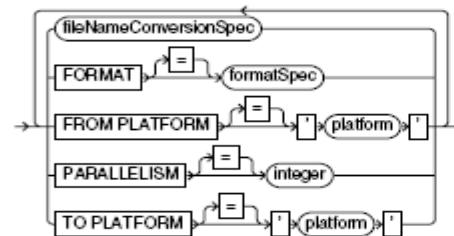
# A Novel Approach

- Make “Go Live” only a turn of switch
- Convert destination database in advance
- Keep this destination database in sync with source database
- Pre-build DR for this destination
- Allow extensive testing

## Syntax



**convertOptionList::=**

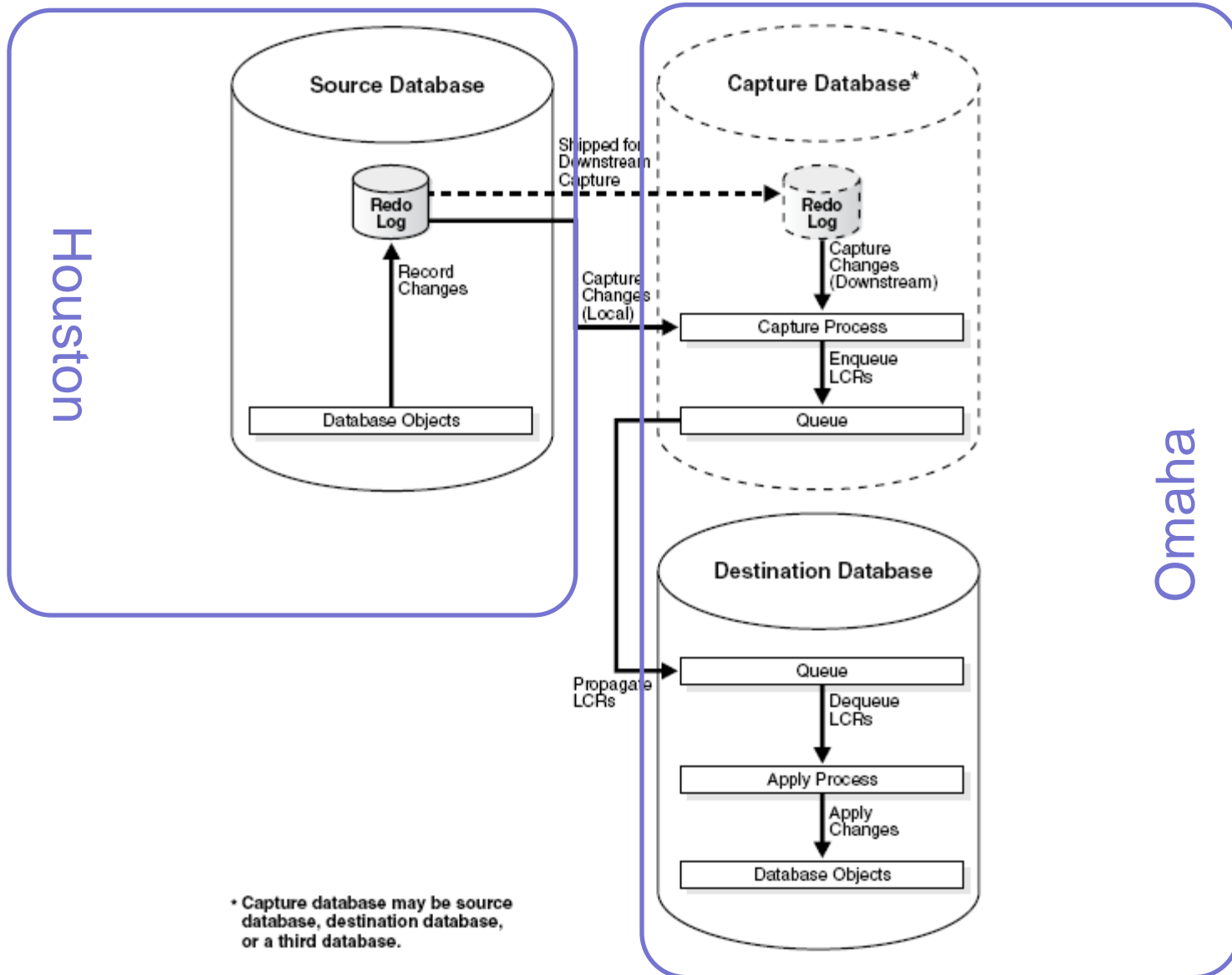


## Purpose

To convert a datafile, tablespace or database to the format of a destination platform, in preparation for transport across different platforms.

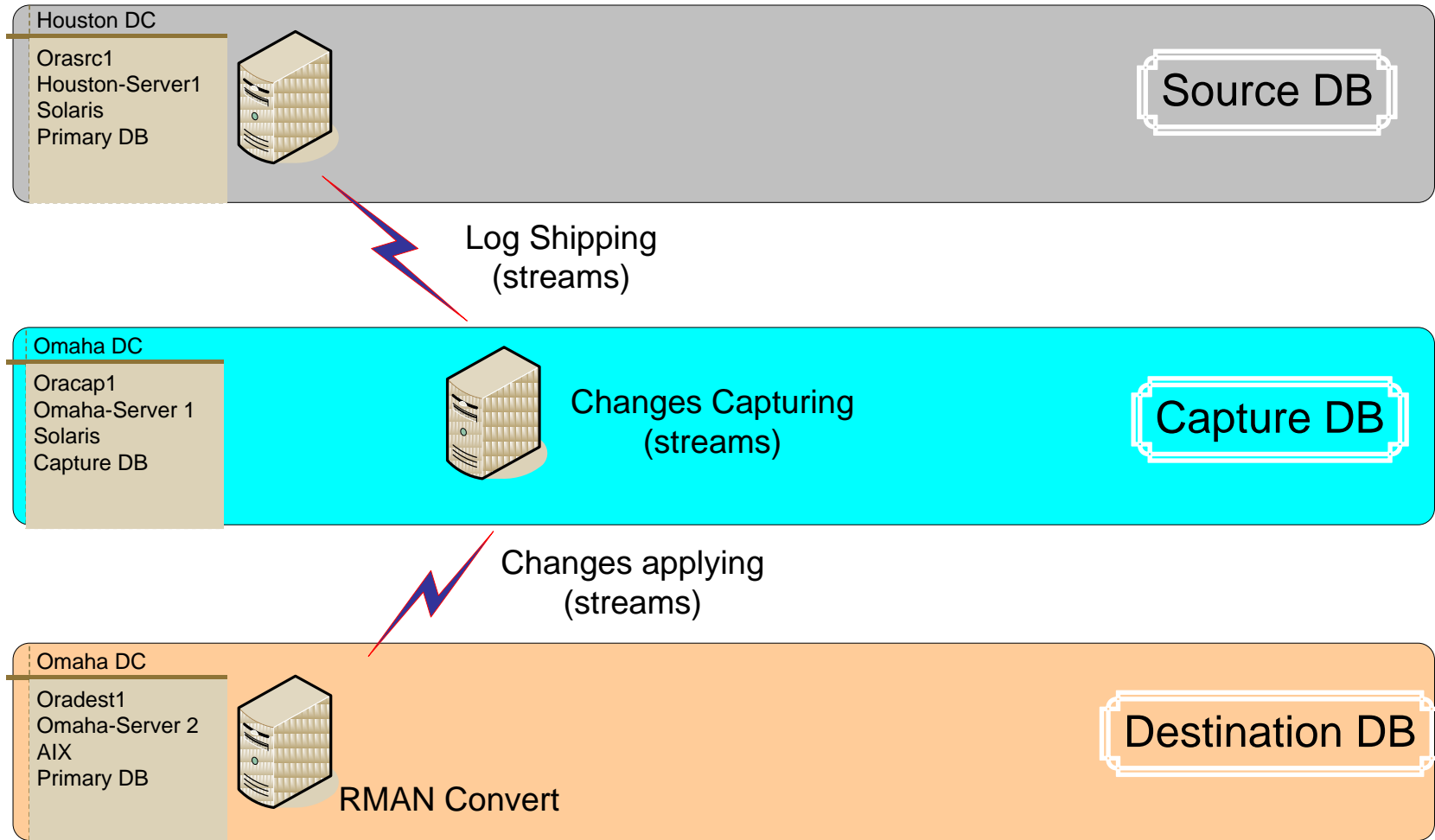
- **CONVERT TABLESPACE** is used at the source database to produce datafiles for the specified tablespaces in the format of a different destination platform. The converted files can then be transported to the destination platform.
- **CONVERT DATAFILE** is used on the destination database to convert datafiles that are in the format of a different source platform. Once all of the datafiles required for a tablespace have been converted, the datafiles can be transported into the destination database.
- **CONVERT DATABASE** is used to transport an entire database from a source platform to a destination platform, converting the datafiles to the format of the destination platform and ensuring the creation of other required database files. Depending upon the requirements of your situation, **CONVERT DATABASE** on either the source or destination platform.

# Oracle Streams



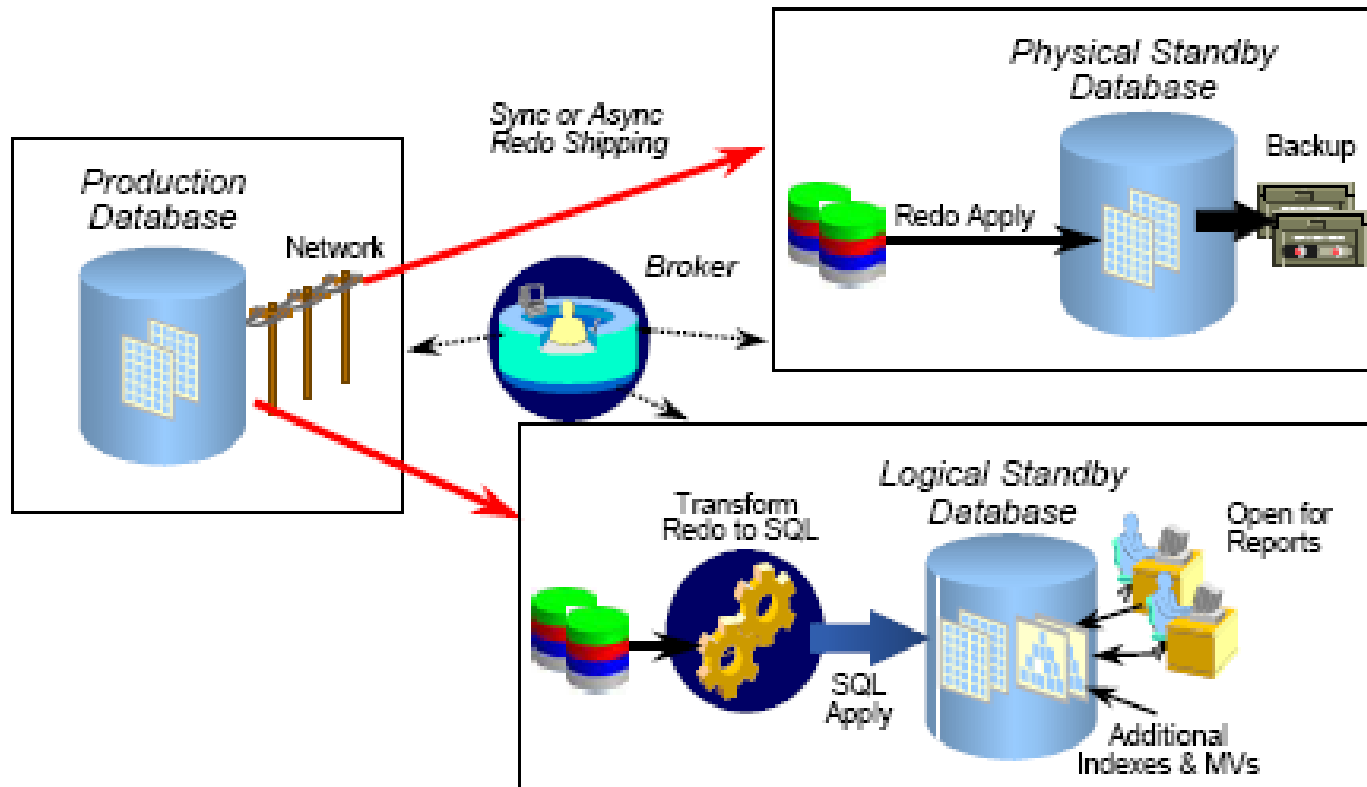
when there is only Streams and Convert...

# Migrate with Oracle Streams and RMAN Convert



- Minimal (reduced to a few hrs) downtime (less than 15 minutes)
- Full DR (Data Guard) protection outside of the downtime window
- Ability to move a group of 5 databases within the same downtime window
- Extensive testing of all mission critical databases at different level (unit, system, integration)
- Extensive testing of datacenter infrastructure, Oracle database LPAR performance, Data Guard/DR operation before “go live”

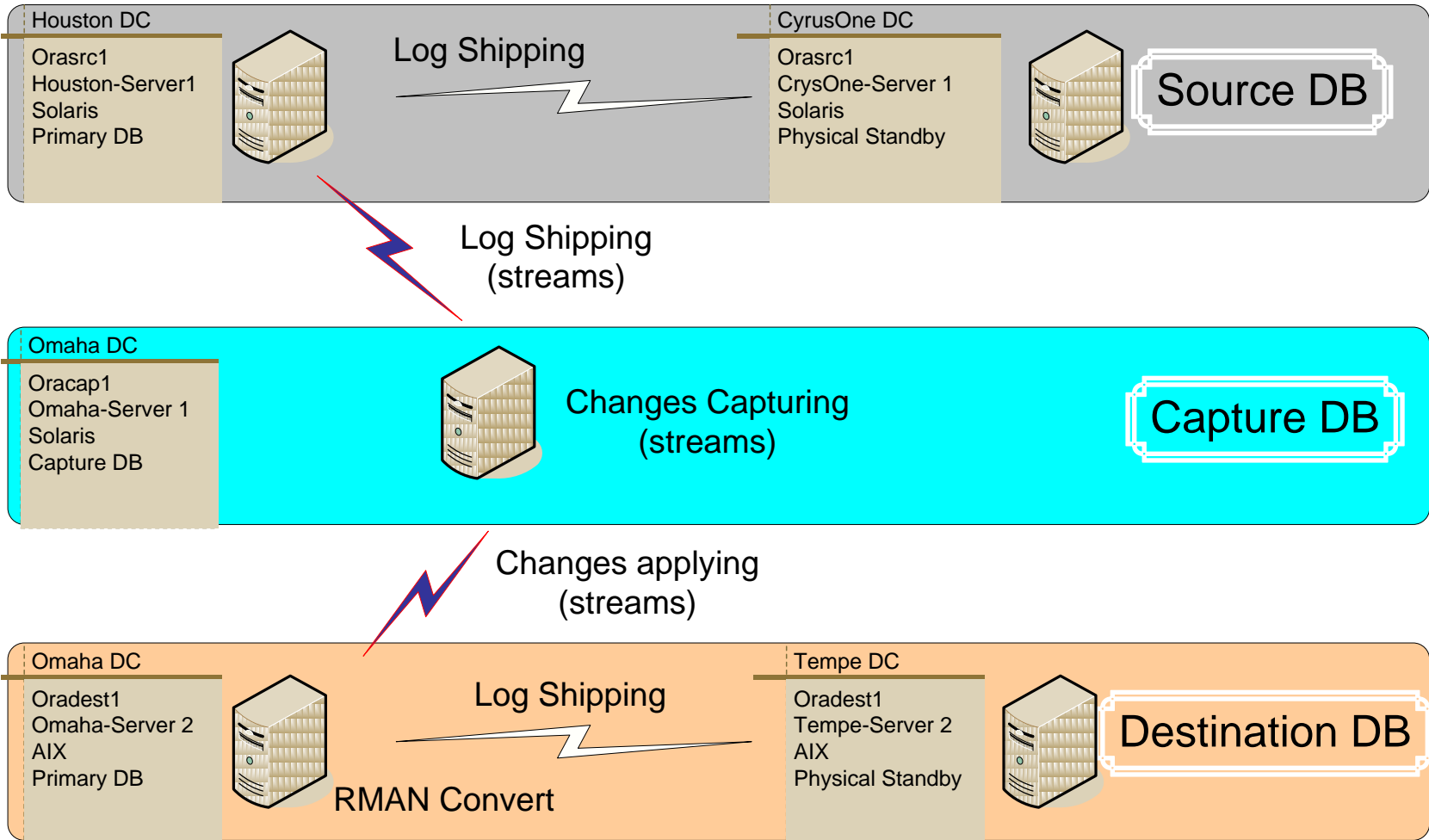
# Oracle Data Guard



*Oracle Data Guard Architectural Components*

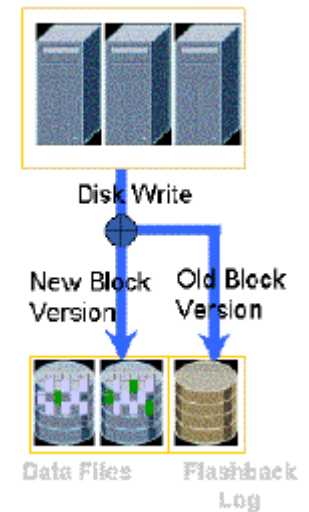
When there is S + C + Data guard...

# Migrate with Oracle Streams, RMAN convert, and Data Guard



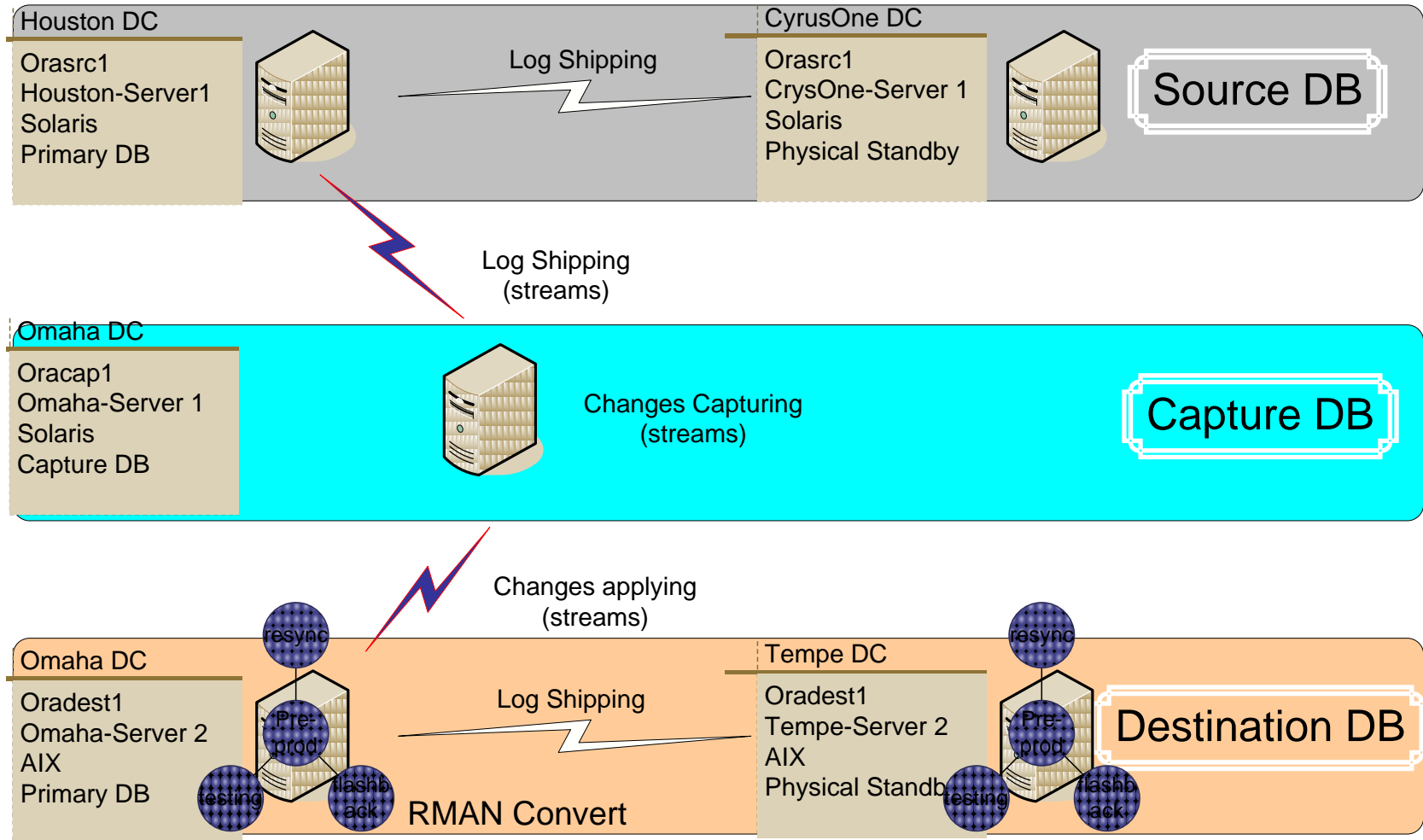
- Minimal downtime (less than 15 minutes)
- Full DR (Data Guard) protection outside of the downtime window
- Ability to move a group of 5 databases within the same downtime window
- Extensive testing of all mission critical databases at different level (unit, system, integration)
- Extensive testing of datacenter infrastructure, Oracle database LPAR performance, Data Guard/DR operation before go-live

- Rewinds an Oracle database to a previous time, to correct any problems caused by logical data corruptions or user errors. It provides database point in time recovery without requiring a backup of the database to first be restored.



When there is S + C + D + Flashback...

# Migration with Oracle Streams, RMAN Convert, Data Guard, and Flashback Database



- Minimal downtime (less than 15 minutes)
- Full DR (Data Guard) protection outside of the downtime window
- Ability to move a group of 5 databases within the same downtime window
- Extensive testing of all mission critical databases at different level (unit, system, integration)
- Extensive testing of datacenter infrastructure, Oracle database LPAR performance, Data Guard/DR operation before go-live

- SCDF: Our novel Oracle Streams-centric approach

**S** - Oracle **S**streams

**C** - RMAN **C**onvert

**D** - **D**ata Guard

**F** - **F**lashback Database

# SCDF In Action

<b>Phases</b>	<b>Disruptive</b>	<b>Downtime</b>
<b>Setup</b>	No*	0 or < 15 minutes
<b>Application testing</b>	No	0
<b>“Go live”</b>	Yes	< 15 minutes

# SCDF Set-up (Non-disruptive)

- Create capture database in Omaha (4 – 8 hours)
- Instantiate destination database in Omaha using RMAN convert (24 – 36 hours)
- Establish Oracle streams between source/Houston and destination/Omaha (4 – 8 hours)
- Build standby database in Tempe (8 – 12 hours)

Target time to complete: 2 -3 days for each database

- Code freeze
- Stop Streams' change Capture and Apply processes
- Users conduct application test on destination database
- Flashback destination database once user test is done
- Start Streams' change Capture and Apply processes again
- Allow destination to catch up with Source database
- This testing/resynchronization process can be repeated until "go live".

Target time to complete: is highly application specific, but each test cycle was limited to 2 -3 days.

# SCDF “Go Live” (Disruptive)

- Destination database final resync with source database
- Verify Tempe Standby in Sync with Primary in Omaha
- Shut down apps server/database in Houston
- Switch user to apps server/databases in Omaha
- Clean up Oracle Streams in source and target databases.

Target down-time for “go live”: less than 15 minutes

# SCDF Migration Results

Oracle DB	Application Group	Size (GB)	Desired Downtime	Actual Downtime
DB1	Real Time Trading	23	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB2	Real Time Trading	80	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB3	Real Time Trading	129	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB4	Real Time Trading	157	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB5	Real Time Trading	185	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
<b>DB6</b>	<b>Real Time Trading</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>&lt; 15 minutes</b>	<b>2 hour *</b>
DB7	Energy Trading Risk Management	8	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB8	Energy Trading Risk Management	27	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB9	Energy Trading Risk Management	28	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
DB10	Energy Trading Risk Management	207	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes
<b>DB11</b>	<b>Energy Trading Risk Management</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>&lt; 15 minutes</b>	<b>8 hour *</b>
DB12	Energy Trading Risk Management	381	< 15 minutes	< 15 minutes

# SCDF Migration Results-Continue

- Due to Oracle streams limitations DB6 and DB11 were migrated using Oracle transportable database (TDB)
- With 2 – 8 hours downtime

Oracle DB	Application Group	Size (GB)	Desired Downtime	Actual Downtime
DB6	Real Time Trading	425	< 15 minutes	2 hour *
DB11	Energy Trading Risk Management	313	< 15 minutes	8 hour *

# SCDF Limitations/Restrictions

- The database is not part of an existing Oracle Streams environment
- The database is not part of an existing logical standby environment
- The database is not part of an existing Advanced Replication environment
- Materialized views or logs are not supported
- Any user-created queues are read-only during the maintenance operation
- All database tables should have primary or unique key (DB6)
- Certain datatypes may hit Oracle bugs (DB11)
- Endian format needs to be considered

- Combining Oracle Sstreams, RMAN Convert, Data Guard, and Flashback database technologies, we successfully migrated most of Calpine's mission critical databases with less than 15 minutes of downtime.
- The SCDF approach is highly stable, and flexible, but does require deep knowledge to implement.

Rossi was the manager of an upscale men's wear store in a wealthy section of town and was interviewing Abe for the recently advertised salesman role.

Rossi looks at Abe's resume and notices that Abe has never worked in retail before.

Rossi says to Abe, "What chutzpah, if you don't mind me saying. For someone with no retail experience, you are certainly asking for a high salary."

"Well I suppose I am," Abe replies, "but you must understand that the work is so much harder when you don't know what you're doing."

# Questions

?

- [The Hidden Costs of Data Migration](#)
- [The hidden costs of data migration \(IBM\)](#)
- [Minimizing Data Migration Time, Using Cross-Platform Transportable tablespace](#)
- [Cross-Platform Oracle Database Migration Using Transportable Tablespaces and EMC Open Replicator for Symmetrix](#)
- [Platform Migration using Transportable Tablespaces: Oracle Database 10g Release 2](#)
- [Platform Migration Using Transportable Database Oracle Database 11g and 10g Release 2](#)
- [Oracle® Streams Concepts and Administration 10g Release 2 \(10.2\)](#)

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